Remarks

The above Amendments and these Remarks are in reply to the Office Action mailed August 12, 2004.

Claims 1-46, 49-51, 57-60, and 91-98 were pending in the Application prior to the outstanding Office

Action. Claims 10-11, 13-19, 22-23, 29, 32-33, 40-46, 49-51, and 57-60 have been allowed. The Examiner

rejected claims 1-9, 12, 20-21, 24-28, 30-31, 34-39, and 91-98. The present Response cancels claims 94-98,

amends claims 1, 91, 92 and 93, and adds new claims 99 and 100, leaving for the Examiner's present

consideration claims 1-46, 49-51, 57-60, 91-93, 99 and 100. Reconsideration of the rejections is requested.

I. REJECTION UNDER 35 U.S.C. §103(A) OVER KOYANAGI (U.S. PAT. NO. 5,471,064) IN

VIEW OF *DUERIG*, ET AL. (U.S. PAT. NO. 4,831,614) AND *CARVER* (U.S. PAT. NO. 4,916,002)

Claims 1-9, 12, 24, 25, 30, 31, 34-36, 38, 39, and 91-98

The Examiner rejected Claims 1-9, 12, 24, 25, 30, 31, 34-36, 38, 39, and 91-98 under 35 U.S.C.

§103(a) as unpatentable over Koyanagi in view of Duerig and Carver. The Applicant requests cancellation

of Claims 94-98. The Applicant respectfully traverses the rejection of Claims 1-9, 12, 24, 25, 30, 31, 34-36,

38, 39, and 91-93.

The Examiner states that Carver teaches "(a) a moveable platform (cantilever) having a second

substrate 32 comprising silicon dioxide (Figs. 6E and 8; column 5, lines 58 and 59)." See OA page 8, lines

13-16. The Applicant respectfully disagrees. The feature of Carver pointed out by the Examiner is a

cantilever supporting a single tip, and not a platform. As recited in Claims 1 and 91-93, the moveable

read/write mechanism includes "a plurality of cantilevers associated with the moveable read/write platform"

(Emphasis added). Nowhere does Carver describe "a moveable platform having a second substrate

comprising silicon dioxide."

Nevertheless, Applicants have amended Claims 1 and 91-93 to further clarify the structure claimed.

Claims 1 and 91-93 recite "a moveable read/write platform having a second substrate consisting essentially

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of silicon dioxide...wherein said first and second substrate expand at substantially the same rate over an

operating temperature." As the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit has stated in a recent decision,

the phrase "consisting essentially of" has "long been understood to permit inclusion of components not listed

in the claim, provided that they do not 'materially affect the basic and novel properties of the invention."

See AK Steel Corp. v. Sollac, 68 USPQ2d 1280, 1283 (citing PPG Indus. v. Guardian Indus. Corp., 156 F.3d

1351, 1354 [48 USPQ2d 1351] (Fed. Cir. 1998); In re Janakirama-Rao, 317 F.2d 951, 954 [137USPQ 893]

(CCPA 1963)). Referring to Figure 8, Carver describes a cantilever including a silicon dioxide layer 32, a

silicon nitride layer 34, and a conductive layer of gold 52. See Col. 6, lines 40-50. By layering the cantilever

as shown in Figure 8, with a silicon nitride layer 34, and a layer of gold 52 overlaying the silicon nitride layer

34, the thermal expansion properties of the silicon dioxide layer are materially affected. Therefore, even if

the cantilever of Carver could be considered a platform, notwithstanding the arguments provided above

arguing that the cantilever of Carver is not a platform, Carver further fails to teach or suggest a structure

"consisting essentially of silicon dioxide" as recited in Claims 1 and 91. For the same reasons, Carver fails

to teach or suggest a structure "consisting essentially of an oxide" as recited in Claim 92, and fails to teach

or suggest a structure "consisting essentially of an insulator" as recited in Claim 93.

In order to render a claim obvious under 35 U.S.C. §103(a), the cited references must teach or

suggest all of the features of the claim. The cited references fail to teach or suggest all of the features of

Claim 1 and 91-93 because they fail to teach or suggest "a moveable read/write platform having a second

substrate consisting essentially of silicon dioxide" as recited in Claims 1 and 91, "a moveable read/write

platform having a second substrate consisting essentially of an oxide" as recited in Claim 92, or "a moveable

read/write platform having a second substrate consisting essentially of an insulator" as recited in Claim 93.

Since Koyanagi in view of Duereg and Carver fails to teach or suggest all of the features of Claims 1 and

91-93, Koyanagi in view of Duereg and Carver cannot render Claims 1 and 91-93 obvious under 35 U.S.C.

§103(a). Dependent claims have at least the features of the independent claim from which they ultimately

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depend; therefore, Koyanagi in view of Duereg and Carver cannot render dependent claims 2-9, 12, 24, 25,

30, 31, 34-36, 38 and 39 (which ultimately depend from Claim 1) obvious under 35 U.S.C. §103(a).

Accordingly, the Applicant respectfully requests the withdrawal of this rejection.

II. REJECTION UNDER 35 U.S.C. §103(A) OVER KOYANAGI IN VIEW OF DUERIG AND CARVER

AND FURTHER IN VIEW OF ADDERTON, ET AL. (U.S. PAT. No. 6,196,061)

Claims 20 and 21

The Examiner rejected Claims 20 and 21 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as unpatentable over Koyanagi

in view of Duerig and Carver and further in view of Adderton. The Applicant respectfully traverses the

rejection.

The Examiner states that "Claims 20 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 (a) as being

unpatentable over Koyanagi et al...in view of Duerig...in view of Carver...and further in view of

Adderton...Koyanagi teaches a memory apparatus very similar to that of the present invention." Dependent

claims have at least the features of the independent claim from which they ultimately depend. Claims 20 and

21 ultimately depend from Claim 1; therefore, for the reasons given above in regard to Claims 1 and 91-93,

Koyanagi in view of Duereg and Carver cannot render dependent Claims 20 and 21 obvious under 35 U.S.C.

§103(a). Adderton fails to remedy this deficiency. Referring to Figure 3, Adderton describes "first and

second cantilever beams 32 and 34 are each fixed at one end 36, 38, respectively, to a cantilever substrate

40 and are free to deflect at a corresponding opposite end 42, 44, respectively" See col. 7, lines 30-35.

Referring to Figure 7, Adderton describes "cantilever 161 extends outwardly from a rigid die/substrate 164

that is used for handling and mounting the cantilever into the microscope" (Emphasis added). See col. 10,

lines 28-33. Nowhere does Adderton teach or suggest "a moveable read/write platform having a second

substrate consisting essentially of silicon dioxide" as recited in Claim 1.

Since Koyanagi in view of Duerig and Carver and further in view of Adderton fail to teach or

suggest all of the features of Claim 1, from which Claims 20 and 21 ultimately depend, Koyanagi in view

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of Duerig and Carver and further in view of Adderton cannot render dependent Claims 20 and 21 obvious

under 35 U.S.C. §103(a). Accordingly, the Applicant respectfully requests the withdrawal of this rejection.

REJECTION UNDER 35 U.S.C. §103(A) OVER KOYANAGI IN VIEW OF DUERIG AND CARVER AND III.

FURTHER IN VIEW OF MAMIN, ET AL. (U.S. PAT. No. 5,804,710)

Claims 26 and 27

The Examiner rejected Claims 26 and 27 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as unpatentable over Koyanagi

in view of Duerig and Carver and further in view of Mamin. The Applicant respectfully traverses the

rejection.

The Examiner states that "Claims 26 and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 (a) as being

unpatentable over Koyanagi...in view of Duerig...in view of Carver...and further in view of Mamin...

Koyanagi in view of Duerig et al. and Carver teach a memory apparatus very similar to that of the present

invention." Dependent claims have at least the features of the independent claim from which they ultimately

depend. Claims 26 and 27 ultimately depend from Claim 1; therefore, for the reasons given above in regard

to Claim 1, Koyanagi in view of Duereg and Carver cannot render dependent Claims 26 and 27 obvious

under 35 U.S.C. §103(a). Mamin fails to remedy this deficiency. Referring to Figure 5, Mamin describes

a "cantilever base 20 is glued to the slanted flat 206. The cantilever 23 with stylus 19 on its free end is an

extension of cantilever base 20." See, col. 6, lines 64-66. Nowhere does Mamin teach or suggest "a

moveable read/write platform having a second substrate consisting essentially of silicon dioxide" as recited

in Claim 1.

Since Koyanagi in view of Duerig and Carver and further in view of Mamin fail to teach or suggest

all of the features of Claim 1, from which Claims 26 and 27 ultimately depend, Koyanagi in view of Duerig

and Carver and further in view of Mamin cannot render dependent Claims 26 and 27 obvious under 35

U.S.C. §103(a). Accordingly, the Applicant respectfully requests the withdrawal of this rejection.

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REJECTION UNDER 35 U.S.C. §103(A) OVER KOYANAGI IN VIEW OF DUERIG AND CARVER AND IV.

FURTHER IN VIEW OF MIYAZAKI, ET AL. (U.S. PAT. NO. 5,412,597)

Claim 28

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The Examiner rejected Claim 28 under 35 U.S.C. §103 (a) as unpatentable over Koyanagi in view

of Duerig and Carver and further in view of Miyazaki. The Applicant respectfully traverses the rejection.

The Examiner states that "Claim 28 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 (a) as being unpatentable over

Koyanagi...in view of Duerig...in view of Carver...and further in view of Miyazaki... Koyanagi in view of

Duerig and Kley teach a memory apparatus very similar to that of the present invention." Dependent claims

have at least the features of the independent claim from which they ultimately depend. Claim 28 ultimately

depends from Claim 1; therefore, for the reasons given above in regard to Claim 1, Koyanagi in view of

Duereg and Carver cannot render dependent Claim 28 obvious under 35 U.S.C. §103(a). Miyazaki fails to

remedy this deficiency. Referring to Figure 16, Mizazaki describes "cantilever units 131, 132, and 133

are formed on a silicon substrate 140." See col. 19, lines 39-41. Nowhere does Miyazaki teach or

suggest "a moveable read/write platform having a second substrate consisting essentially of silicon dioxide"

as recited in Claim 1.

Since Koyanagi in view of Duerig and Carver and further in view of Miyazaki fail to teach or

suggest all of the features of Claim 1, from which Claim 28 ultimately depends, Koyanagi in view of Duerig

and Carver and further in view of Miyazaki cannot render dependent Claim 28 obvious under 35 U.S.C.

§103(a). Accordingly, the Applicant respectfully requests the withdrawal of this rejection.

REJECTION UNDER 35 U.S.C. §103(A) OVER KOYANAGI IN VIEW OF DUERIG AND CARVER V.

AND FURTHER IN VIEW OF TANAKA (U.S. PAT. No. 5,808,973)

Claim 37

The Examiner rejected Claim 37 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as unpatentable over Koyanagi in view

of *Duerig* and *Carver* and further in view of *Tanaka*. The Applicant respectfully traverses the rejection.

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The Examiner states that "Claim 28 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 (a) as being unpatentable over

Koyanagi...in view of Duerig...in view of Carver...and further in view of Tanaka... Koyanagi in view of

Duerig and Carver teach a memory apparatus very similar to that of the present invention." Dependent

claims have at least the features of the independent claim from which they ultimately depend. Claim 37

ultimately depends from Claim 1; therefore, for the reasons given above in regard to Claim 1, Koyanagi in

view of Duereg and Carver cannot render dependent Claim 37 obvious under 35 U.S.C. §103(a). Tanaka

fails to remedy this deficiency. Referring to Fig. 1, Tanaka describes a magnetic recording head 2 positioned

over a rotating medium 1. Nowhere does Tanaka teach or suggest "a moveable read/write platform having

a second substrate consisting essentially of silicon dioxide" as recited in Claim 1.

Since Koyanagi in view of Duerig and Carver and further in view of Tanaka fail to teach or suggest

all of the features of Claim 1, from which Claim 37 ultimately depends, Koyanagi in view of Duerig and

Carver and further in view of Tanaka cannot render dependent Claim 37 obvious under 35 U.S.C. §103(a).

Accordingly, the Applicant respectfully requests the withdrawal of this rejection.

VI. ALLOWABLE SUBJECT MATTER

Claims 10, 11, 13-19, 22, 23, 29, 32, 33, 40-46, 49-51 and 57-60

Applicant appreciates the indication that claims 10, 11, 13-19, 22, 23, 29, 32, 33, 40-46, 49-51 and

57-60 are allowed.

VII. ADDITIONAL CLAIMS

Claims 99 and 100

The newly added claims are, it is submitted, allowable over the cited art.

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VIII. CONCLUSION

In light of the above, it is respectfully submitted that all of the claims now pending in the subject

patent application should be allowable, and a Notice of Allowance is requested. The Examiner is respectfully

requested to telephone the undersigned if he can assist in any way in expediting issuance of a patent.

The Commissioner is authorized to charge any underpayment or credit any overpayment to Deposit

Account No. 06-1325 for any matter in connection with this response, including any fee for extension of

time, which may be required.

Respectfully submitted,

Date:	10/1	3/	04
Date.	1-7.	"	_

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